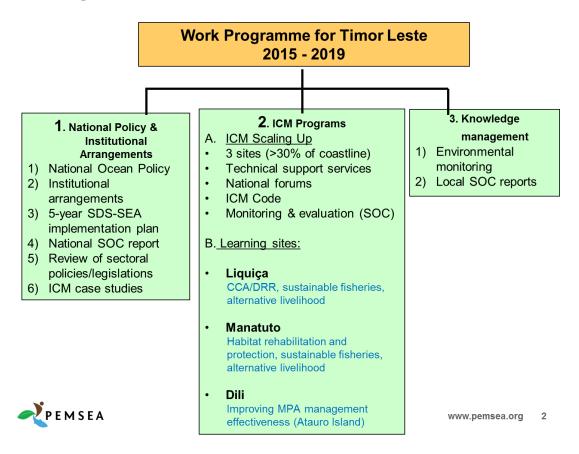
COUNTRY PROGRESS REPORT: TIMOR LESTE

PSC MEETING OF THE GEF/UNDP/PEMSEA PROJECT ON SCALING UP IMPLEMENTATION OF THE SDS-SEA JULY 24, 2017

TIMOR-LESTE

Work Programme for Timor Leste 2015 - 2019



Summary of Major Achievements/Outputs in 2016-2017

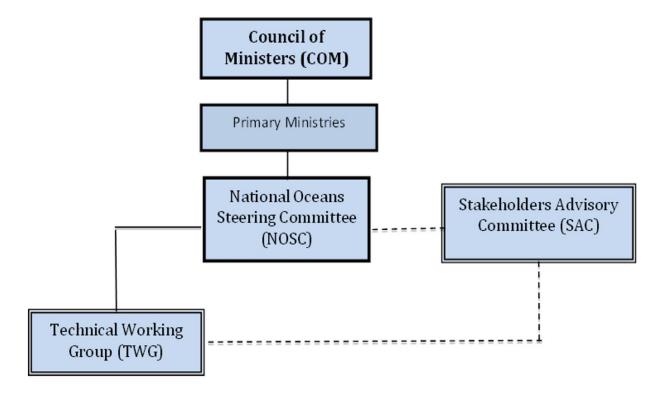
National Level

- Development (and adoption) of a National Oceans Policy (NOP)
 - ☐ With inter-ministerial and multi-sectoral implementation mechanism
 - Including:
 - Initial review of sectoral policies and legislations
 - Initial collaborative planning for preparation of the NOP Implementation Plan (SDS-SEA IP for TL)
- Preparation of draft National State of the Oceans and Coasts (NSOC) Report
- One ICM case study completed

❖ Voluntary commitments to SDG 14, UN Oceans Conference, June 2017



Proposed implementation arrangements for the Timor-Leste NOP



Local Level

ICM in Dili, Liquica and Manatuto municipalities:

- Completion of baseline assessment and risk and vulnerability assessment in pilot sites
 - ☐ Including training of local staff on data collection
 - ☐ Recommendations for adaptation and management measures
- Preparation of draft SOC Reports
- Preparation of Coastal Strategy and implementation plan (CS/CSIP)
 - National training workshop conducted
 - Stakeholder consultations initiated
- ❖ ICM study tour on CS/CSIP implementation in Sukabumi, Indonesia
- Initial activities in pilot sites
- Application of 3 municipalities for PNLG membership, 2017

Risk/vulnerability assessment in Dili, Liquica and Manatuto:



Activities in pilot sites:

- Liquica
 - ☐ Integrated aquaculture (milkfish and tilapia) and poultry farming; and training for women and children on fish post-harvest processing in Vaviguinia (supported by MECAE and UNITAL)
 - ☐ Mangrove rehabilitation and protection in Suco Ulmera, Bazartete Subdistrict (supported by GEF/UNDP SGP)
 - ☐ Ecological farming practices to prevent coastal erosion and marine ecosystem degradation in Suco Vatuvou, Maubara Subdistrict (supported by GEF/UNDP SGP)

- Manatuto
 - Preparing for training on mangrove rehabilitation and integrated aquaculture technology by UNITAL
- ❖ Atauro Island/Dili
 - ☐ Preparing for training on sea cucumber culture by UNITAL
 - ☐ Consultations initiated with WorldFish, Conservation International, Blue Ventures , Roman Luan (local NGO) on collaborations to support MPA site

Capacity development/technical support services:

Technical support from ICM LCs (UNTL and UNITAL)

- Baseline, risk/vulnerability assessment and SOC report preparation
- Pilot projects to support fisheries/ livelihood development in the pilot sites
- National TWGs for NOP and NSOC preparation

Capacity development for ICM LCs

- ICM and Marine Biotechnology Conference, Bogor, Indonesia, Nov. 2016
- Ocean Health Index (OHI) Training Workshop, Manila, March 2017
- UNU Fellowship (Leadership for Sustainability), Tokyo, Japan, March 2017
- PNLC Planning Meeting, March 2017

Existing collaboration with other projects or programmes in the country

- Key agencies (PM's Office, Maritime Boundary Office, MECAE, MCIA, MF, MSS, MTAC, MSA, MI: Maritime Police, MPWTC: Maritime Transportation)
- · GEF/UNDP Small Grants Programme
- CTI-CFF
- ATSEA Project
- FAO
- UNESCO
- AUSAID-AIMS
- USAID-NOAA
- JICA
- KOICA
- WorldFish Timor Leste
- Conservation International
- Local NGOs Roman Luan, Haburas, La'o Hamutuk, Belun and UDS Foundation
- UNITAL (PNLC)
- UNTL (PNLC)

Impacts, Challenges and Lessons Learned

| Impacts | |
|-----------------|---|
| | Inter-ministerial and inter-sectoral coordination and cooperation demonstrated in NOP preparation; enhanced ownership of NOP process and outputs |
| | Enhanced capacity of and cooperation among key stakeholders in ICM development and implementation |
| | Local champions for marine conservation developed Recognition of blue economy concept and its development |
| Challenges | |
| | GoTL is still focused on the first priority for food and nutrition security |
| | New Governnment in August 2017 may change/restructure some government institutions |
| | Preparation, approval and implementation of NOP implementation plan |
| | Gaining support of political leaders to scale up SDS-SEA and ICM implementation and replicate it to other coastal municipalities |
| | Engaging private sector in local ICM programs |
| | Lack of government database system to map projects and minimize overlapping activities |
| | Government plan to develop a special economic zone in Atauro Island, an important marine conservation area |
| Lessons Learned | |
| | Realization that petroleum resources are finite, and there is a need to invest in renewable energy and sustainable development of ocean and coastal resources |
| | (blue economy) Recognition of the need for a 'whole-of-government approach' for sustainable ocean and coastal development |
| | Need for sustained capacity building, technical support and engagement to |
| | support the ICM sites, and develop local capacity and local champions for ICM |
| | Importance of traditional customary law to support environmental protection and biodiversity conservation |
| Opportunities | |
| | The ongoing process of NOP approval is highlighting the need for interministerial and multi-sectoral coordination and management mechanism among national/local leaders |
| | The centralized government system has been shifting to de-concentration, and |
| _ | local governments will have authority to manage their local areas, including |
| | develop ICM plans and allocate budget for implementation |
| | GoTL's voluntary commitments to SDG14 with 7 specific targets (zero plastic |
| | policy, ocean policy, IUU fishing, sustainable fisheries management, coastal and |
| | marine resources mapping, tourism policy, and CITES ratification) |

Optimization of existing partnerships in conservation such as CTI, ATSEA, PEMSEA, CI, WorldFish, FAO, etc. to support NOP and ICM implementation, achieving SDG14 targets, and blue economy development

Priority/Target Activities (2017-2018)

National

- Prepare and adopt NOP Implementation Plan
 - Establishment of NOP implementation mechanism
- Complete and publish the NSOC
- Conduct Policy Forum/ICM Forum
- Participate in EAS Congress 2018

Local (3 ICM sites)

- Publish the baseline/risk/vulnerability assessment and SOC reports
- Complete/adopt/implement CS/CSIP/issuespecific plans in pilot sites
- Strengthen capacity for integrated environmental monitoring
- ❖ Document, prepare knowledge products, share in PNLG/EAS Congress
- ICM Code assessment/recognition

Capacity Development/ Technical Support Services (2016-2017)

Continuing capacity development/engagement of ICM LCs

Budget Summary (2017-2018)

GEF Financing amount:

2017: \$ 113,950

• 2018: \$ 134,850

Country co-financing amount:

- 2017: \$ 100,000 in cash; at least \$20,000 in kind
- 2018: \$ 100,000 in cash; at least \$20,000 in kind

