COUNTRY PROGRESS REPORT: LAO PDR

PSC MEETING OF THE GEF/UNDP/PEMSEA PROJECT ON SCALING UP IMPLEMENTATION OF THE SDS-SEA JULY 24, 2017

LAO PDR

Summary of Major Achievements/Outputs in 2016 – 2017

National Level:

Approval of the Water Law by the National Assembly (May 2017)



- Development of National Guideline for Water Use Fee
 - RTF mobilized to conduct scoping workshop for the development of National Guideline (December 2016)
 - o Initial draft of National Guideline developed. Undergoing review.
- SDS-SEA Implementation Plan (2017-2022)
 - Collaborative planning workshop conducted
 - Priority programs/projects integrated in the regional SDS-SEA IP (2017-2022)
- Participation to regional activities
 - EAS PC Meeting (July 2016)
 - Training on nutrient load model and PROA (October 2016)
 - Expanded EC Meeting (April 2017)





Local Level:

- Baseline assessment addressing focus management aspect in Sedone River Basin
 - Validation workshop on baseline assessment results conducted (July 2016)
 - Baseline assessment report drafted
- Value chain analysis in Houay Champi
 - RTF mobilized to conduct value chain analysis in the districts of Paksong,
 Sanasomboun, Bachieng and Pakse (January 2017)







Existing collaboration with other projects or programmes in the country:

- Small Grants Programme (SGP);
- National University of Laos;
- ADB, WB, WWF
- Environmental Protection Fund (EPF);
- Japan and China;
- and other MONRE Programs;

Impacts:

National Activities

- o The regulation under Water Law Amendment will be implementing;
- Integrated River Basin Management (IRBM) system in Laos mainstream/link to international IWRM;
- The Sedone River Basin Management Project was successful become a model for others river basin management;

Local Activities

- Sedone river basin is one of Ten priority river basin;
- There are 3 protected/conservation area established: 1) Sedone head, 2)
 Fish conservation area in Huay Champi and, 3) Forest protected area in Huay Champi upstream
- Three PSC of Sedone River Basin establishes in Champasack, Saravan and Sekong province.

Three village water resources funds existed and wells management, and;

Capacity Building Program

 Project team gained more knowledge and experiences and capacity to train to colleagues and more high responsibility;

Challenges:

- The project implementation was slow and could not finished by the time indicated in the first stage;
- Replacing new team member in both national and provinces;
- Weak of English communication;

Lessons Learned:

- Combine on-the-ground activities (visible impacts) with capacity development and institution building (i.e., development of management plans, research);
- Bottom up approach on river basin planning and implementation is significant factor;
- Public participation is a main key for sustainable river basin management;

Priority/Target Activities (2017 – 2018)

- <u>National</u> Level
 - 1. Review of existing institutional mechanism for sustainable management of river basins and integration of SDS-SEA
 - 2. Development of National Guideline for Water Use Fee
 - ✓ Review and stakeholder's consultation of draft guideline (August 2017)
 - ✓ Study visit of DWR Team to Water Utility Facilities in the Philippines (July 2017)
 - 3. Basin-wide Forum
 - 4. Updating of National State of River Basin Report
 - 5. National IWRM Demonstration Site (Vangvieng District)

Implementation of IRBM in Sedone River Basin

- 1. Capacity building/Training Needs
 - ✓ Internship/Traineeship
 - ✓ IRBM
 - ✓ River Basin Profiling
 - ✓ River Basin Planning
 - ✓ Water quality monitoring
 - ✓ Participation to Blue Economy Forum (2017) & EAS Congress 2018

- 2. On-the-ground management activities
 - ✓ Access to water supply and protection of headwaters
 - ✓ Livelihood
 - ✓ Solid waste management
- 3. Hydrological modeling

GEF Budget:

- 2017 \$98,278
 2018 \$140,590